

# Where Is the Signal? A Scale Scan of BTCUSDT Perpetual Futures for Distributional Forecasting

Side study feeding the regime-adaptive forecasting programme

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July 4, 2026

## Abstract

Before committing a multi-backbone forecasting study to a particular timeframe and target family, we ask the prior question directly: *at which temporal scales, horizons, and target definitions does the BTCUSDT USD-M perpetual series carry learnable signal at all?* We scan the full canonical store (1 m–1 d bars, 2019–2026) with small standardized probes under a strict chronological purged protocol, measuring four things per (timeframe, horizon) cell: quantile skill of conditional return distributions over the unconditional (marginal) baseline; out-of-sample  $R^2$  on log realized volatility; directional discriminability; and — the decision-relevant novelty — quantile skill on *forward path extremes* (maximum favorable and adverse excursion computed from high/low prices), which are precisely the quantities take-profit and stop-loss placement requires. A multiscale fusion probe tests whether coarser-timeframe context adds skill at a fixed base scale. Verdicts against pre-registered thresholds, required to hold on both validation and test, determine where the main study’s backbone comparison will be pointed. The scan is deliberately model-light: the question is whether *any* conditioning beats the marginal distribution at a scale, not which architecture does so best.

## 1 Motivation

The parent project (*Regime-Adaptive Probabilistic Foundation Models...*) compares pretrained sequence-model families under a common probabilistic head on BTCUSDT. Prior internal evidence on this surface is sobering: at 15 m–3 d horizons, direction is not predictable to a cost-surviving degree from either frozen foundation-model embeddings or causal bar features (out-of-sample directional accuracy  $\approx 0.50$ ), while conditional *volatility* is strongly predictable (test  $R^2 \approx 0.40$  at 4 h). A backbone comparison run on a signal-free cell of the (scale, horizon, target) space measures only noise. This study therefore maps the space first, so that the comparison is staged where a detectable signal exists, and so that the final model’s outputs are the distributional quantities an execution layer can consume directly.

**Decision relevance.** The intended consumer places market orders with attached take-profit and stop-loss levels. The distributional objects that matter for that decision are not only the terminal return  $r_{T,h}$  but the *path extremes* over the holding window: how far price travels in one’s favor (governs achievable take-profit) and against (governs stop placement and survival). Both are computed here from high/low prices, not close-to-close approximations.

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## 2 Data

All series come from the repository’s canonical Binance USD-M perpetual store (`binance_usdm/btcusdt`), full history 2019-09 to 2026-06: 1 m (3.54 M bars), 5 m (708 k), 15 m (236 k), 1 h (59 k), 4 h (14.7 k), and 1 d (2.5 k), each with OHLCV and an as-of funding-rate series (joined backward with a 16 h staleness tolerance; missing stretches are mask-gated, never imputed). Timeframes are consumed at their native store granularity. Horizon grids overlap in physical time across timeframes (a 4 h-ahead target is reachable from 1 m, 5 m, 15 m, and 1 h representations), so representation scale can be compared at fixed physical horizon.

## 3 Targets

For anchor bar  $T$  and horizon  $h$  (bars), with log close  $p_t$ , log high  $g_t$ , log low  $\ell_t$ , and one-bar log returns  $r_t$ :

$$\text{return: } y_{T,h}^{\text{ret}} = p_{T+h} - p_T, \quad d_{T,h} = \mathbb{I}[y_{T,h}^{\text{ret}} > 0], \quad (1)$$

$$\text{volatility: } y_{T,h}^{\text{vol}} = \log\left(\sqrt{\sum_{u=T+1}^{T+h} r_u^2} + \epsilon\right), \quad (2)$$

$$\text{favorable excursion: } \text{MFE}_{T,h} = \max_{T < t \leq T+h} g_t - p_T, \quad (3)$$

$$\text{adverse excursion: } \text{MAE}_{T,h} = p_T - \min_{T < t \leq T+h} \ell_t. \quad (4)$$

Conditional quantiles of MFE and MAE are the direct inputs to take-profit and stop-loss placement: e.g. a stop at the conditional 95th percentile of MAE bounds the probability of being stopped out by path noise.

## 4 Probes and skill metrics

Features are strictly causal per timeframe: past returns over  $\{1, \dots, 64\}$ -bar lags, trailing volatilities, volume and range  $z$ -scores, funding (mask-gated), and calendar sin/cos. Probes are small two-layer MLPs (monotone quantile head for distributional targets; regression and logistic heads otherwise), standardized on the training split, early-stopped on validation. The deliberate smallness is the point: we test for the *existence* of conditional structure, not for architectural superiority.

Skills per cell:

- **QSS** (quantile skill score) =  $1 - \text{pinball}_{\text{model}} / \text{pinball}_{\text{marginal}}$ , where the marginal baseline predicts the training split’s unconditional quantiles. QSS > 0 is the minimum bar for a quantile forecaster to be meaningful at all. Applied to returns, MFE, MAE.
- **vol  $R^2$** : out-of-sample  $R^2$  on  $y^{\text{vol}}$  against the train-mean baseline.
- **dir AUC / accuracy**: rank AUC of a directional logit.

**Protocol.** Chronological 70/10/20 split per timeframe with a purge of  $\lceil h_{\text{max}} / \text{stride} \rceil$  anchors at each boundary. **Pre-registered verdict rule:** a cell has signal only if the skill clears its threshold (QSS > 0.02; vol  $R^2$  > 0.05; AUC > 0.52) on *both* validation and test. Requiring agreement guards against the non-stationary flukes observed in earlier internal studies (validation edges that vanish on test).

**Multiscale fusion.** For a base timeframe, features from coarser timeframes are appended after leak-safe alignment: a coarser bar’s features become available only at that bar’s *close* (joining on bar-start timestamps would leak the still-open bar). The change in QSS /  $R^2$  relative to the base-only cell measures the value of multiscale input — directly informing the parent study’s multi-resolution design.

## 5 Results

Generated by `python -m sss scan -config configs/scan.yaml`; the table below is produced by the scan pipeline (bold cells pass the pre-registered rule on validation and test jointly).

## 6 Interpretation and pivot rules

The scan’s verdicts pivot the parent study as follows:

1. **Target family.** Backbone comparison is staged on the target families that show signal (expected, from prior evidence: volatility and excursion/return *quantiles*, not direction). Directional metrics remain diagnostics.
2. **Scale and horizon.** The primary benchmark cell moves to the (timeframe, horizon) region with the strongest, val/test-consistent QSS — including the excursion targets, since those feed order placement.
3. **Multiscale.** If the fusion deltas are positive, the multi-resolution encoder keeps its multi-scale views and the paper’s ablation gains a cross-timeframe fusion arm; if they are flat, the multi-resolution claim is narrowed accordingly.
4. **Execution layer.** The final model’s contract is fixed to emit conditional quantiles of ( $y^{\text{ret}}$ , MFE, MAE) per horizon, from which take-profit / stop-loss / entry filters are derived mechanically.

## Reproducibility

One command per artifact: the scan (`sss scan`), this document’s results table (emitted by the scan), and the synthetic self-validation (`pytest signal_scale_scan/tests`) in which a generator with persistent volatility and coin-flip direction must yield vol/quantile signal and no directional signal. All thresholds above were fixed before the real data was scanned.

Table 1: Signal-scale scan: test-split skills per (timeframe, horizon). Bold cells pass the pre-registered threshold (QSS>0.02, vol  $R^2$  >0.05, AUC>0.52) on BOTH validation and test.

| TF        | Horizon | QSS <sub>ret</sub> | vol $R^2$     | dir AUC       | QSS <sub>MFE</sub> | QSS <sub>MAE</sub> | $n_{test}$ |
|-----------|---------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|
| 1m        | 1m      | <b>+0.092</b>      | <b>+0.269</b> | +0.524        | <b>+0.209</b>      | <b>+0.205</b>      | 44218      |
| 1m        | 5m      | <b>+0.082</b>      | <b>+0.611</b> | <b>+0.522</b> | <b>+0.201</b>      | <b>+0.194</b>      | 44218      |
| 1m        | 15m     | <b>+0.077</b>      | <b>+0.739</b> | <b>+0.530</b> | <b>+0.191</b>      | <b>+0.191</b>      | 44218      |
| 1m        | 1h      | <b>+0.067</b>      | <b>+0.773</b> | <b>+0.522</b> | <b>+0.175</b>      | <b>+0.174</b>      | 44218      |
| 1m        | 4h      | <b>+0.054</b>      | <b>+0.746</b> | +0.519        | <b>+0.150</b>      | <b>+0.152</b>      | 44218      |
| 5m        | 5m      | <b>+0.079</b>      | <b>+0.216</b> | <b>+0.520</b> | <b>+0.193</b>      | <b>+0.189</b>      | 35304      |
| 5m        | 15m     | <b>+0.073</b>      | <b>+0.500</b> | <b>+0.531</b> | <b>+0.185</b>      | <b>+0.186</b>      | 35304      |
| 5m        | 1h      | <b>+0.063</b>      | <b>+0.677</b> | <b>+0.529</b> | <b>+0.172</b>      | <b>+0.167</b>      | 35304      |
| 5m        | 4h      | <b>+0.051</b>      | <b>+0.715</b> | <b>+0.527</b> | <b>+0.154</b>      | <b>+0.149</b>      | 35304      |
| 5m        | 1d      | <b>+0.033</b>      | <b>+0.690</b> | <b>+0.524</b> | <b>+0.115</b>      | <b>+0.101</b>      | 35304      |
| 15m       | 15m     | <b>+0.065</b>      | <b>+0.179</b> | <b>+0.542</b> | <b>+0.186</b>      | <b>+0.173</b>      | 23178      |
| 15m       | 1h      | <b>+0.061</b>      | <b>+0.510</b> | <b>+0.532</b> | <b>+0.168</b>      | <b>+0.165</b>      | 23178      |
| 15m       | 4h      | <b>+0.050</b>      | <b>+0.637</b> | <b>+0.530</b> | <b>+0.150</b>      | <b>+0.148</b>      | 23178      |
| 15m       | 1d      | <b>+0.040</b>      | <b>+0.667</b> | <b>+0.532</b> | <b>+0.116</b>      | <b>+0.107</b>      | 23178      |
| 15m       | 7d      | +0.008             | <b>+0.606</b> | +0.520        | +0.072             | +0.073             | 23178      |
| 1h        | 1h      | <b>+0.059</b>      | <b>+0.167</b> | <b>+0.535</b> | <b>+0.168</b>      | <b>+0.161</b>      | 11573      |
| 1h        | 4h      | <b>+0.054</b>      | <b>+0.448</b> | <b>+0.531</b> | <b>+0.153</b>      | <b>+0.145</b>      | 11573      |
| 1h        | 1d      | <b>+0.042</b>      | <b>+0.601</b> | <b>+0.532</b> | <b>+0.128</b>      | <b>+0.114</b>      | 11573      |
| 1h        | 7d      | +0.014             | <b>+0.627</b> | <b>+0.535</b> | +0.074             | +0.067             | 11573      |
| 4h        | 4h      | <b>+0.049</b>      | <b>+0.135</b> | <b>+0.525</b> | <b>+0.154</b>      | <b>+0.150</b>      | 2875       |
| 4h        | 1d      | <b>+0.043</b>      | <b>+0.398</b> | <b>+0.529</b> | <b>+0.129</b>      | <b>+0.110</b>      | 2875       |
| 4h        | 7d      | +0.001             | <b>+0.558</b> | <b>+0.527</b> | +0.093             | +0.055             | 2875       |
| 1d        | 1d      | -0.021             | <b>+0.125</b> | +0.524        | +0.011             | <b>+0.105</b>      | 431        |
| 1d        | 7d      | -0.049             | <b>+0.364</b> | +0.491        | +0.024             | +0.049             | 431        |
| 1d        | 30d     | -0.077             | <b>+0.332</b> | +0.444        | -0.057             | -0.063             | 431        |
| 15m+1h+4h | 15m     | <b>+0.063</b>      | <b>+0.182</b> | <b>+0.535</b> | <b>+0.184</b>      | <b>+0.171</b>      | 23178      |
| 15m+1h+4h | 1h      | <b>+0.061</b>      | <b>+0.512</b> | <b>+0.528</b> | <b>+0.168</b>      | <b>+0.165</b>      | 23178      |
| 15m+1h+4h | 4h      | <b>+0.051</b>      | <b>+0.648</b> | <b>+0.528</b> | <b>+0.151</b>      | <b>+0.152</b>      | 23178      |
| 15m+1h+4h | 1d      | <b>+0.043</b>      | <b>+0.704</b> | <b>+0.530</b> | <b>+0.119</b>      | <b>+0.117</b>      | 23178      |
| 15m+1h+4h | 7d      | +0.016             | <b>+0.661</b> | <b>+0.529</b> | +0.080             | +0.057             | 23178      |